BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) (2019 COURSE) S. Y. B. Sc. (Nursing) : SUMMER : 2023

SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Day: Monday

Date: 14-08-2023 S-22430-2023 Max. Marks: 75 N.B. 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate **FULL** marks. 3) Answer to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books. SECTION - I Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following: (10)Anti-cholinergic drugs a) List four names of antiseptics used in hospital b) Diuretics. c) Mucolytic agent d) Anti-helmintics e) f) Digitalis toxicity Complications of Diuretic therapy g) Q.2 Write short answer question on ANY FOUR of the following: (16)Write any four indications of dexamethasone. a) Describe Osmatic diuretics. b) Propanol is contraindicated in Bronchial Asthma. c) Define tocolytic agent and explain one in detail. d) Drugs used in Deaddiction. e) f) Treatments of interstitial amoebiasis. Write long answer question on ANY ONE of the following: Q.3 Classify Analgesic drugs. a) (03)b) Mention uses and contraindications of Morphine. (04)c) Nursing responsibility while administering Morphine. (05)OR Define antibiotics. a) (02)Classification of Sulphonamides. Action of Sulphonamides. b) (06)Nursing responsibilities while administrating sulphonamide group of drugs. c) (04)**SECTION – II Q.4** Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (10)What is atherosclerosis? a) Food allergies b) Gene therapy c) Cirrhosis liver d) Fate of thrombus e) Mention two benefits of Human Genomic Project f) Iron deficiency anemia **g**) **Q.5** Write short answer question on **ANY FOUR** of the following: (16)Discuss infertility. a) b) Blood groups. Pap smear. c) Stages of pneumonia. d) Spontaneous abortion e) f) Urine examination

Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Q.6	Writ	te long answer question on ANY ONE of the following:	
-	a)	Define Jaundice.	(02)
	b)	Mention some of the causes and laboratory findings seen in a jaundiced patient.	(05)
	c)	Write briefly about hepatitis B virus induced liver disease.	(04)
	ŕ	OR	` ,
	a)	Define acute renal failure.	(02)
	b)	Pathogenesis of Acute Renal Failure.	(05)
	c)	State etiology of renal failure	(04)

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) (2019 COURSE) S. Y. B. Sc. (Nursing) : SUMMER : 2022

SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Day: Monday Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM **Date 25-Apr-2022** S-22430-2022 Max. Marks: 75 N.B. All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the RIGHT indicate FULL marks. 2) 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answerbook. SECTION - I Q.1 Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following: (10)Define Pharmacodynamics a) Enlist complications of NSAID's. b) Mention any four Insecticides with examples. c) Define Nephrotoxicity. d) Drug Interaction e) Beta blockers f) Define Bioavailability g) Q.2 Short answer questions on ANY FOUR of the following: (16)Advantages and disadvantages of IV drugs administration Classification of Antibiotics b) Oral contraceptive drugs c) Ayurveda d) Osmatic diuretics e) Nursing care while handling Cytotoxic drugs f) Q.3 Long answer questions on ANY ONE of the following: (12)a) Classify Analgesic Drugs (03)Mention uses and contraindications of Morphine b) (04)Nursing responsibility while administering Morphine (05)c) Classification of Anti-epileptic Drugs. (03)a) Enlist side effects of Anti-epileptic Drugs. b) (04)Enlist side effects and nursing responsibility while administering Anti-(05)c) epileptic Drugs. SECTION - II Q.4 Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following: (10)Factors influencing wound healing a) Respiratory acidosis b) Types of emphysema c) Angina Pectoris d) Clinical features of Hepatitis B. e) Semen analysis f) Prostatic hyperplasia g)

Q.5	Sho a) b) c) d) e) f)	rt answer questions on ANY FOUR of the following: Fate of thrombus Difference between benign and malignant tumours. Rheumatic fever Down's syndrome Ghon complex Phagocytosis	(16)
Q.6		g answer questions on ANY ONE of the following:	(11)
	a)	What is Cervical cancer?	(02)
	b) c)	What are various types of Cervical Cancer brief about etiopathogenesis of it? Explain clinical staging of cervical cancer.	(03) (06)
	,	OR	(00)
	a)	What is Oedema?	(03)
	b) c)	What are various types of Oedema? Explain its pathogenesis in detail.	(04)
	٠,		(04)

(Common for 2007 Course & 2019 Course)

S. Y. B.SC. (NURSING) (2007 COURSE): SUMMER – 2021 SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Time: 10100 AM. TO 1100 Max. Marks: 75 : Tuesday : 08 06 2021 Date N.B. 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 3) SECTION - I **Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (2x5) (10)List routes of drug administration a) **b)** Define Histamines c) Vaccines given at birth d) Classify skeletal muscle relaxants e) Concept of Ayurveda Define pharmacodynamics f) Mention adverse effects of Dobutamine Short Answer Questions on **ANY FOUR** of the following: (4x4) **Q.2** (16)Mention uses of adrenaline with routes of administration and reason for each use. Propanol is contraindicated in Bronchial Asthma Drug therapy for Epilepsy. c) Define Adverse drug reaction. Mention different adverse drug reactions. d) What are disease modifying anti rheumatoid drugs? (DMARDS) describe the role of any two in Rheumatoid Arthritis. Uses and adverse effects of oral contraceptives. Long Answer Questions on **ANY ONE** of the following: (1x12 = 12)**Q.3** Classify antihypertensive drug and explain beta blockers in detail. (06)Describe Hematinic drugs in detail. (06)Classify anticholinergic drugs. Write pharmacology of calcium channel a) (06)Classify antimicrobial agents. Explain adverse effects of tetracycline. b) (06)SECTION - II **Q.4** Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (2x5) (10)Define apoptosis a) b) Define Dysmorphism Define infertility c) Prothrombin time d) Draw structure of genes Indications of genetic counselling List down cardinal sign of inflammation.

Q.5		Short Answer Questions on ANY FOUR of the following: (4x4)	(16)
_	a)	Differentiate between mitosis and meiosis.	
	b)	Name any four types of hemolytic anemia.	
	c)	Food allergies.	
	d)	Stool examination	
	e)	Down syndrome	
	f)	Phases of bone healing	
Q.6		Long Answer Questions on ANY ONE of the following: (1x11=11)	
···	a)	Define cervical carcinoma.	(02)
	b)	Enlist etiology and diagnostic test for cervical carcinoma.	(03)
	c)	Explain pathology and stages of cervical carcinoma.	(06)
		OR	
	a)	Define necrosis.	(02)
	b)	Mention different types of necrosis giving examples of each.	(03)
	c)	Explain gross and microscopic appearance of coagulative necrosis.	(06)

.ypes of necrosis giving examples of each and microscopic appearance of coagulative in the second se

S.Y. B.Sc. Nursing (2007 Course): SUMMER-2020 Subject: Pharmacology, Pathology & Genetics

Friday Time: 9:00AM-TO
12:00NOON Day: 11-12-2020 Date: Max Marks: 75 5-2020-2962 N.B.: 1) All questions are COMPULSORY 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 3) Answers to all sections should be written in **SAME** answer book. 4) Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary. 5) Use BLUE/BLACK ball point pen only. **SECTION-I** Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (10)a) Enlist four names of antiseptics used in Hospital **b)** Define agonist c) Anti-cholinergic drugs d) Drug interaction e) Diuretics f) Mucolytics Anti-helmintics Write short answer questions on ANY FOUR of the following: **Q.2** (16)a) Anti-malarial drugs b) Digitalis toxicity c) Metronidazole d) Complications of Diuretic therapy e) Streptokinase Drugs used in Bronchial asthma Long answer questions on ANY ONE of the following: Q.3 (12)a) Classification of Anti-Tuberculosis drug. (03)(04)**b)** First line drugs used in TB. Multi Drug Resistance in TB and role of Nurse in managing multi drug (05)resistance in TB OR (02)a) Define Antibiotics (03)b) Classification of Sulphonamides (03)c) Action of Sulphonamides d) Nursing responsibilities while administrating sulphonamide group of drugs (04)P.T.O.

SECTION-II

Q.4		Write short notes on ANY FIVE of the following:	(10)
	a)	Name any two screening tests for detecting congenital abnormalities	
	b)	Define Mutation	
	c)	Prenatal diagnosis	
	d)	Enlist Indications for Genetic counseling	
	e)	Benefits of Human Genomic Project	
	f)	Mention two autosomal dominant disorders	
	g)	Barr body	
Q.5		Write short answer questions on ANY FOUR of the following:	(16)
	a)	Necrosis	
	b)	Infective Endocarditis	
	c)	Typhoid fever	
	d)	Dry Gangrene	
	e)	Renal edema	
	f)	Complications of Hypertension	
Q.6		Long answer questions on ANY ONE of the following:	(11)
	a)	Describe types of shock	(03)
	b)	Write in detail about etiological factors of shock	(04)
	c)	Pathogenesis of shock OR	(04)
	a)	List down the causes of Atherosclerosis	(03)
	b)	Pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis	(04)
	c)	Describe effects of Atherosclerosis	(04)

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S.Y. B.SC. (NURSING) (2007 COURSE): SUMMER - 2019 SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Day : Monday Time: 10.00 A.M. TO 01.00 P.M. S-2019-4329 Date : 22/04/2019 Max. Marks: 75 N.B. All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. SECTION - I **Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (2x5) (10)List four names of antiseptics used in hospital. a) Drugs used in treatment of Leprosy b) c) Indications of Adrenaline d) Drug antagonism e) Principles of Homeopathy f) Define pharmacopecia g) Adverse effects of Lasix Short Answer Questions on **ANY FOUR** of the following: (4x4) Q.2 (16)Define tocolytic agent and explain one in detail. a) Drug used in Type II diabetes mellitus b) Classify antiemetic and describe treatment of motion sickness. c) d) Drugs used in Deaddiction. What is Bioavailability? Discuss factors modifying bioavailability after oral administration of drugs.

Nursing responsibility in administration of Antiplatelet agents. Long Answer Questions on **ANY ONE** of the following: (1x12 = 12)Q.3 (12)List anti-tubercular drugs. Describe in detail about first line drugs. (06)b) Uses and adverse effects of Rifampicin. (06)Classify analysics. Mention uses and contraindications of Morphine. (06)a) Nursing responsibility in administration of analgesics. (06)**SECTION - II** Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: (2x5) **Q.4** (10)a) Clotting time Define leukoplakia b) c) Define mitosis d) List down screening test for congenital abnormality e) Enlist etiology of Abortion Causes of Hydatiform mole **f**) Differentiate dry and wet gangrene

a)b)c)d)e)f)	Short Answer Questions on ANY FOUR of the following: (4x4) Bone marrow aspiration Jones criteria of rheumatic fever Effect of radiation on development of fetus Blood group alleles Role of nurse in genetic counselling Urine examination	(16)
a) b) c)	Long Answer Questions on ANY ONE of the following: (1x11=11) Define inflammation Difference between transudate and exudate Describe vascular and cellular changes occurring in inflammation	(02) (03) (06)
a) b) c)	Define bronchial asthma. List down diagnostic test for bronchial asthma.	(02) (03) (06)
	b) c) d) e) f) a) b) c)	 a) Bone marrow aspiration b) Jones criteria of rheumatic fever c) Effect of radiation on development of fetus d) Blood group alleles e) Role of nurse in genetic counselling f) Urine examination Long Answer Questions on ANY ONE of the following: (1x11=11) a) Define inflammation b) Difference between transudate and exudate c) Describe vascular and cellular changes occurring in inflammation OR a) Define bronchial asthma. b) List down diagnostic test for bronchial asthma. c) Describe etio-pathogenesis of bronchial asthma.

S.Y. B.SC. (NURSING) (2007 COURSE): SUMMER - 2018 SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Day: Date:		nturday ./04/2018	S-2018-3864	Time: 10.00 Max. Marks:	15
N.B.:					
	1)	* ,	ons are COMPULSORY.		
	2)		the appropriate box. E / BLACK ball point pen or	alv.	
	<i>3)</i>		should be completed in 20 n		
	5)		carries ONE mark.		
	6)		vill not be allotted marks if he sonce marked.	e/ she overwrites strikes or	puts white ink
Seat N	lo: _		Т	otal Marks Obtained:	
Jr. Suj	perv	isor's Signature	: E	xaminers Signature:	
Q.1 M	ICQ	.s	SECTIO	N-I	
1)		Which of the f	Collowing drug is prepared from	om animal source?	
	a)	Aspirin			
	b)	Insulin			
	c)	Ampicillin			
	d)	Atropine			
2)		The following	drug is useful in treating an	acute attack of asthma of c	ardiac or
		pulmonary ori	gin.		
	a)	IV aminopl	nylline		
	b)	IV salbutar	nol		
	c)	Inhaled ipra	atropium		
	d)	Inhaled bet	amethasone		
3)		Which of the f	ollowing is a relative contrain	ndication for use of Glucoc	orticoid?
	a)	Shock			
	b)	Diabetes m	ellitus		
	c)	Bronchial a	sthma		
	d)	Rheumatoi	d arthritis		
4)		Antidote of ch	oice in lead poisoning is.		
	a)	Dimercapro	ol		
	b)	Desferrioxa	amine		
	c)	Calcium di	sodium edetate		
	d)	D- penicilla	amine		

5)		Which of the following drug can produce gastritis?	
	a)	Aspirin	
	b)	Paracetamol	
	c)	Omeprazole	
	d)	Calcium carbonate	
6)		Pick the antipsychotic agent from the following.	
	a)	Chlorpromazine	
	b)	Fluoxetine	
	c)	Diazepam	
	d)	Imipramine	
7)		Intra thecal route of administration involves injection of drug into the	
	a)	Arteries	
	b)	Spinal canal	
	c)	Auricles	
	d)	Atria	
8)		The following is a prodrug.	
	a)	Penicillin	
	b)	Levodopa	
	c)	Insulin	
	d)	Chlorthalidone	
9)		Chlorinandone	
		The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophagu	us is
	a)		us is
	a) b)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophagu	us is
		The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophagu Upper third	as is
	b)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophagu Upper third Middle third	as is
10)	b) c)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophage Upper third Middle third Gastro- esophageal junction	as is
10)	b) c)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophage Upper third Middle third Gastro- esophageal junction Lower third	as is
10)	b) c) d)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophage Upper third Middle third Gastro- esophageal junction Lower third Following are the risk factors of myocardial infarction EXCEPT.	us is
10)	b)c)d)	The most frequent anatomic site for squamous cell carcinoma of esophage Upper third Middle third Gastro- esophageal junction Lower third Following are the risk factors of myocardial infarction EXCEPT. Smoking	as is

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11)	Following are the major types of skin cancers EXCEPT.	
8	a) Squamous cell carcinoma	
٠ 1	b) Lipoma	
•	e) Melanoma	
C	Basal cell carcinoma	
12)	Blood for Total Leukocyte Count (TLC) and Differential Leukocyte	Count
	(DLC) is collected in the following type of vacutainer.	
ž	a) EDTA	
l) Plain	
•	e) Sodium citrate	
C	I) Fluoride	
13)	Which of the following is the best method for hemoglobin estimation?	
2	a) Gasometric	
· I) Chemical	
•	c) Cynmeth hemoglobin	
Ć	I) Sahlis	
14)	One of the following is NOT due to error in metabolism.	
£	n) Phenylketonuria	
ł	Congenital hyperthyroidism	
	Turner syndrome	
C	Maple syrup urine disease	
15)	Which of the following is a definitive diagnosis for most of the malignan	cies?
٤	a) Blood tests	
ŀ	o) X- rays	
	e) CT Scan	
C	Histopathological examination	

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S.Y.B.S. Nursing (2007 Course) SUMMER-2018

SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM Day: Saturday Date: 21/04/2018 Max. Marks: 60 5-2018-3864 N.B.: 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 3) Answers to all the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 4) Draw neat diagrams WHEREVER necessary. **SECTION-II PHARMACOLOGY Q.2** Write short notes on any **THREE** of the following: $(3 \times 4 = 12)$ (12)Advantages and disadvantages of oral route of drug administration a) Treatments of interstitial amoebiasis. b) General principles in management of Barbiturate Poisoning. Therapeutic uses and adverse effects of Aspirin Treatment of status Asthmaticus Write briefly on any **TWO** of the following: $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ Q.3 (18)Explain any one Oral anti diabetic drug (04)Radioactive iodine (05)Write therapeutic uses and adverse effect of benzyl penicillin (04)ii) a) Nursing responsibilities during administration of diuretic therapy (05)Enumerate drugs used for treatment of Leprosy. Write mechanism of (05) iii) a) action of Dapsone. Drug therapy of acute attack of Angina pectoris. (04)a) Classify sympathomimetics with example. (04)b) Write uses, side effects and nursing responsibilities of Adrenaline. (05)**SECTION-III PATHOLOGY** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following: $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ **Q.4** (10)Stages of Pneumonia a) Urine examination Lab Diagnosis of Tuberculosis c) Blood grouping Write briefly on any **ONE** of the following: $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ Q.5 (10)Classify leukemia (02)i) a) What is PBS picture of Chronic Myeloid Leukemia? (04)b) How will you Diagnose case of Leukemia. (04)Define Inflammation. (02)a) (ii List the cardinal signs of inflammation. (03)b) Explain cardinal signs of inflammation. (05)**SECTION-IV GENETICS** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following: $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ (10)**Q.6** Structure of Cell a) Prevention of Genetic disorders b) Effect of chemicals in pregnancy Role of Nurse in Genetic Counselling *

SHARAYU - II (2007 COURSE) APRIL/MAY - 2012 SUBJECT : PHARMACOLOGY PATHOLOGY AND GENETICS

Day : S Date : 2	8-04-2012	Time : Max. Mar	cs : 15
N.B.			
1)	All questions are COM	IPULSORY.	
2)	Put a tick mark in the		
3)	Use blue/black ball por	nt pen only.	
4)	Section - I should be o	ompleted in 20 minutes.	
5)	Each question carries (INE marks.	
6)	Student will not be allo once marked.	tted any marks if he/she overwrites or p	uts ink on the box
Seat No.:		Signature of Supervisor	ra
Marks obtain	ied :		
		SECTION - I	
		(Part - I)	
LC.Q.			
1) The me	ost commonly used drug Beclomethasome	in acute attach of Bronchial Asthma is	
b) [Salbutamol		
e) [Sodium Chromogl	vcate	
d) [Ephedrine		
The moo	d stabilizer used for pre-	vention of mania is :	
a) _	Lithium		
b)	Phenobarbitone		
c)	Diazepam		
d) [Alprazolam		
The drug o	f choice (Doc) in hype Prolactin	rprolactinemia is :	
b)	Bromocriptine		
c)	Oxytocine		
d)	Ergometrine		
The following	ng drug is bactericidal Tetracycline		
b)	Erythromycin		
) [Penicillin		
	Chloromphenical		

5) The drug of choice for cerebral malaria is: a) Primaquine	
b) Quinine	
e) Chloroquine	
d) Amodiaquine	
Which of the following drug is from animal source:	
a) Aspirin	
b) Ampicilline	
c) Insulin	
d) Atrophine	
 The drug of choice of life saving drug in Anaphylactic shock is Adrenaline 	s ÷
b) Hydrocortisone	
e) Oxygen	
d) Diphenhydromine	
(Part – II)	
The commonest organisms causing hepatitis are: Gram positive bacteria	
b) Gram negative bacteria	
c) Mycobacteria	
d) Viruses	
9) Lipoma is: a) Malignant tumor of fat cells	
b) Benign tumor of fat cells	
c) Embryonal tumor	
d) Metastatic tumor	
Predominate cell involved in acute inflammations is: Eosinophil	1 18
b) Lymphocyte	
e) Neutrophil	
d) Monocyte	

SHARAYU - H (2007 COURSE): Oct Nov- 2012 SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Time 9:00 AM To 1200 Noo Saturday Max. Marks: 60 : 20-10-2012 Date N.B. All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Answers to both the sections should be written in SEPARATE answer books. 3) Draw neat diagrams WHEREVER necessary. 4) SECTION - II (PHARMACOLOGY) (12)0.2 Write short notes on any THREE of the following: a) Define pharmacokinetic. Describe factor affecting absorption of drug after oral administration. b) I.V. General Anesthetic e) Classify Antihistaminic drugs with clinical significance d) Anaphylactic shock e) Anticoagulant agent with action and indication . 0.3 Write briefly on any TWO of the following: (18)Classify NSAID. Mention 4 uses of Asprin. 1) a) (05)b) Drug therapy of migraine. (04)2) a) Oral contraceptive pills (05)b) Newer insulin (04)3) a) Classify antihypertensive drugs. (05)Mention 4 names of Beta blockers and 4 uses of beta blockers. b) (04)a) Aminoglycoside. (05)Antimalarial drugs and mention how chloroquine tablets are given. b) (04)PATHOLOGY Define Anemia. Describe peripheral blood smear and bone marrow aspiration 0.4 findings in Iron deficiency anemia. Describe mismatched blood transfusion reaction and how will you investigate Q.5 this case? 0.6 Write short notes on any FIVE of the following: (10)a) Tubercular granuloma b) Pap smear c) Neutrophil d) Sputum examination e) Vacutainer f) Fibroadenoma GENETICS Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (10)a) Meiosis b) Neural tube defect c) Genotype d) X linked recessive disorder

Q.7

	1	Following are the stages of pneumonia EXCEPT.	
	4)	Grey hepatization	
1	b)	Red hepatization	H
1	c)	Resolution	一
	d)	Granulation tissue formation	
12)		Decrease in number of WBCs in blood is known as	
	a)	Thrombocytopenia	
	b)	Leukocytosis	
	c)	Anemia	
	d)	Leucopenia	
13)		Malarial parasites in peripheral blood smear are seen in	
	a)	Neutrophil	
	b)	Lymphocyte	
	c)	Red blood cell	
	d)	Eosinophil	
14)		Which of the following is due to trisomy-18?	
	a)	Edward syndrome	
	b)	Patau syndrome	
	c)	Down syndrome	
	d)	Turner syndrome	
15)		Which of the following is a noninvasive prenatal test?	
	a)	Amniocentesis	
	b)	Material serum alpha fetoprotein test	
	c)	Chorionic villus sampling (CVS)	
	d)	Cordocentesis or PUB	

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SHARAYU - II (2007 COURSE): SUMMER - 2017 SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY & GENETICS

Saturday 22/04/2017

Time: 09.00 A.M. TO 12.00 No Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1)
- All questions are COMPULSORY.
 Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2)
- Answers to all the sections should be written in SEPARATE answer book. 3)
- Draw neat diagrams WHEREVER necessary. 4)

SECTION-II PHARMACOLOGY

		PHARMACOLOGY	
Q.2		Write short notes on any THREE of the following: (3 x 4= 12)	(12)
	a)	Drug therapy of multibacillary leprosy.	
	b)	Classify Antihistaminic drugs with examples	
	c)	Digoxin	
	d)	Concept of Ayurveda	
	e)	Describe uses of β -Adrenergic Blockers	
Q.3		Write briefly on any TWO of the following: (2 x 9= 18)	(18)
	i)	a) Mention different drugs used in peptic ulcers.	(05)
		b) Drug therapy used in management of vomiting.	(04)
	ii)	a) Pancuranium as a muscle relaxant.	(05)
		b) Plasma expanders.	(04)
	iii)	a) Rabies Vaccine.	(05)
	,	b) Uses and adverse effects of tetracycline.	(04)
	iv)	a) First line drug used in T.B.	(05)
	10,	b) Classify Antihypertensive drugs with examples	(04)
		SECTION-III PATHOLOGY	
Q.4		Write short notes on any TWO of the following: $(2 \times 5 = 10)$	(10)
	a)	Fatty liver	
	b)	Etiopathogenesis of Glomerulonephritis	
	c)	Iron deficiency Anemia	
	d)	PBS picture of Chronic Myeloid Leukemia	
Q.5		Write briefly on any ONE of the following: ($1 \times 10=10$)	(10)
	i)	a) Define Neoplasia	(02)
		b) Differentiate between Benign and Malignant tumour	(04)
		c) Write Laboratory Diagnosis for Malignant tumour.	(04)
	ii)	a) What are Do's Dont's of transfusion of blood.	(04)
		b) Describe transfusion Reaction.	(06)
		SECTION-IV.	
		GENETICS	
Q.6		Write short notes on any TWO of the following: ($2 \times 5 = 10$)	(10)
	a)	Gene therapy	
	b)	Mitosis and Meiosis	
	c)	Treatment and Prevention of Neural tube defect	

d) Genetic Counseling