I. B. A.M.S. (2012 COURSE): SUMMER-2019 SUBJECT: RACHANA SHARIR PAPER-II

| Day | : F | rid | lay | Time: — | | |
|--------|--------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Date | : Friday : 21-06 2019 | | | Max. Marks: 10 | | |
| | | | S-201 | 9-4092 | | |
| N. B. | | A 11 | avestions one COMPIL | SODA | | |
| | 1) 2) | | l questions are COMPUL | nd of marks in the box of appropriate answer. | | |
| | | | | an answer script, you have to return to the Supervisor | | |
| | , | | er 10 minutes. | | | |
| | 4) | The | ere is no negative marking | g. | | |
| Seat N | No.: _ | | | Total Marks Obtained: | | |
| Jr. Su | pervi | isor's S | Signature: | Signature of Examiner's: | | |
| | | | | | | |
| MCQ | s: | (6 | | | | |
| Q. 1 | | Cata | aract' is related tos | tructure of eyeball. | | |
| | a) | | Sclera | | | |
| | b) | | Retina | | | |
| | c) | | Lens | | | |
| | d) | | Cornea | | | |
| 0.2 | | Darles | amama Tubamanlasis is san | would related to good of hims | | |
| Q. 2 | | Pulmonary Tuberculosis is commonly related to part of lung. | | | | |
| | a) | | Apex | | | |
| | b) | | Medial surface | | | |
| | c) | | Base | | | |
| | d) | | None | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Q. 3 | | Gastric ulcer commonly occurs at part of stomach. | | | | |
| | a) | | Lesser curvature | | | |
| | b) | | Greater curvature | | | |
| | c) | | Anterior surface | | | |
| | d) | | Posterior surface | | | |
| Q. 4 | | | papillae of tongu | e are parallel to sulcus terminalis. | | |
| | a) | | Vallate | | | |
| | b) | | Fungiform | | | |
| | c) | | Filliform | | | |
| | ď | | All of above | | | |

| Q. 5 | | cranial nerve emerges from mid brain. | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | a) | | Trochlear | | |
| | b) | | Trigeminal | | |
| | c) | | Facial | | |
| | d) | | Vagus | | |
| | | | | | |
| Q. 6 | | Normal quantity of CSF is aboutml. | | | |
| | a) | | 100 | | |
| | b) | | 150 | | |
| | c) | | 200 | | |
| | d) | | 250 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Q. 7 | | Length of male urethra is about | | | |
| | a) | | 5 to 6 cm | | |
| | b) | | 7 to 8 cm | | |
| | c) | | 10 to 20 cm | | |
| | d) | | 25 to 30 cm | | |
| | | | | | |
| ^ ^ | | | aland regulate the DMD (Pagal Matabalia Data) | | |
| Q. 8 | | | gland regulate the BMR (Basal Metabolic Rate) | | |
| Q. 8 | a) | | Pituitary | | |
| Q. 8 | a) b) | | Pituitary Thymus | | |
| Q. 8 | - | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid | | |
| Q. 8 | b) | | Pituitary Thymus | | |
| | b) c) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None | | |
| Q. 8 Q. 9 | b) c) d) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. | | |
| | b) c) d) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix | | |
| | b) c) d) a) b) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum | | |
| | b) c) d) a) b) c) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum | | |
| | b) c) d) a) b) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum | | |
| Q. 9 | b) c) d) a) b) c) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum All | | |
| | b) c) d) a) b) c) d) | Chock | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum All olate cyst mostly occurs ingland. | | |
| Q. 9 | b) c) d) a) b) c) d) | Choco | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum All olate cyst mostly occurs in gland. Ovary | | |
| Q. 9 | b) c) d) a) b) c) d) b) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum All olate cyst mostly occurs in gland. Ovary Prostate | | |
| Q. 9 | b) c) d) a) b) c) d) | | Pituitary Thymus Thyroid None structure is called the as policeman of abdomen. Appendix Greater omentum Lesser omentum All olate cyst mostly occurs in gland. Ovary | | |

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I - B.A.M.S. (2012 Course) : SUMMER - 2019 SUBJECT: RACHANA SHARIR-II

Time: 02.00 PM TO 05.00 PM Day: Friday Date: 21/06/2019 Max Marks: 70 5-2019-4092 N.B.: All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 1) 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 3) Draw neat and labeled diagrams WHEREVER necessary. 4) **SECTION-I Q.1** Explain Liver in detail. (15)Write Pleura in detail. **(10) Q.2** Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following (10)Q.3 a) Differentiate between Small Intestine and Large Intestine b) Fallopian tube Appendix SECTION-II **(15) Q.4** Explain Eyeball in detail. Describe Superolateral surface of Cerebral hemisphere. (10)Q.5 (10)Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following: Q.6 Papillae of tongue Spinal Nerve b) c) X-Ray types

| सूचन | १) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। २) दाहिने दिए हुए अंक प्रश्नों का पूर्ण गुण दर्शाते है। ३) दोन्हो विभाग एकही उत्तरपत्रिका में लिखिए। | | | | | | |
|---------|---|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| विभाग-१ | | | | | | | |
| प्र.१ | यकृत शारीर सविस्तर वर्णन कीजिए। | (१५) | | | | | |
| प्र.२ | फुफ्फुसावरण कला वर्णन कीजिए। | (30) | | | | | |
| Я.3 | टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) | (30) | | | | | |
| | अ) बृहदांत्र एवं लघ्वांत्र भेद | | | | | | |
| | ब) बीजवाहिनी | | | | | | |
| | क) आंत्रपुच्छ | | | | | | |
| | विभाग-२ | | | | | | |
| ਸ਼.੪ | नेत्रगोलक शारीर सविस्तर वर्णन कीजिए। | (१५) | | | | | |
| प्र.५ | मस्तिष्क गोलार्ध उर्ध्व पार्श्व पृष्ठ वर्णन कीजिए। | (30) | | | | | |
| Я.ξ | टिपण्णी लिखिए। (कोई भी दो) | (30) | | | | | |
| | अ) जिव्हा स्वादाकुंर | | | | | | |
| | ब) सौषम्निक चेतनी | | | | | | |
| | क) क्ष-किरण प्रकार | | | | | | |

