

**S. Y. B. SC. (BIOTECHNOLOGY) SEM – IV (2010 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2017**

SUBJECT: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY – II

Day: **Wednesday**
Date: **01/11/2017**

Time: **02.00 PM TO 05.00 PM**
Max Marks. 80

W-2017-0955

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Both sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

SECTION - I

- Q.1** **A)** Answer any **ONE** of the following **(06)**
- a)** Explain the structure of DNA polymerase III with a labelled diagram.
 - b)** Explain mismatch repair system.
- B)** Answer any **TWO** of the following **(10)**
- a)** Differentiate between prokaryotic & eukaryotic DNA replication.
 - b)** Discuss the role of Dna B and Dna G proteins in replication.
 - c)** What are the reasons of DNA damage? Discuss excision repair mechanism in brief.
- Q.2** Write short notes on any **FOUR** **(16)**
- a)** Okazaki fragments
 - b)** Photo reactivation
 - c)** Microsatellites
 - d)** Effect of UV radiations on DNA
 - e)** Proof reading mechanism

SECTION - II

- Q.3** **A)** Answer any **ONE** of the following **(06)**
- a)** Discuss the structure of RNA polymerase in prokaryotes.
 - b)** Give an outline on steps involved in elongation during protein synthesis.
- B)** Answer any **TWO** of the following **(10)**
- a)** Discuss the mechanism of splicing of intron.
 - b)** Explain post transcriptional modification of RNA.
 - c)** Give an outline on tryptophan operon.
- Q.4** Answer any **FOUR** of the following **(16)**
- a)** Discuss the role of sigma factor in prokaryotic transcription.
 - b)** What are promoter and enhancer sequences?
 - c)** Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation.
 - d)** Why t-RNA is called adaptor molecule?
 - e)** How synthesis of ribosomal RNA in eukaryotic cell is initiated?
- Q.5** Write short notes on any **FOUR** **(16)**
- a)** Shine Dalgarno sequence
 - b)** Transcription factor
 - c)** Cis acting elements
 - d)** TATA Box
 - e)** Polysomes