## M. SC. (MEDICAL BIOTECHNOLOGY) SEM-I (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM): SUMMER - 2018 SUBJECT: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Day: Time: 02.00 PM TO 05.00 PM Friday Date: 13/04/2018 Max. Marks: 60 S-2018-1164 N.B.: Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY. Out of the remaining attempt any 1) **TWO** questions from each section. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 3) **SECTION-I Q.1** Answer the following (Any FIVE) (10)What is C- value paradox? **b)** What are activators and enhancers? c) Name three enzymatic activities performed by DNA polymerase–I. d) Name three histone modifications involved in chromatin remodeling. Define satellite DNA. What is a transcription unit? Enlist the components with their function. Q.2 Answer the following: (10)Briefly explain the role of licensing factor in eukaryotic replication. a) Explain the structure and role of telomere. b) Q.3 Answer the following: (10)Explain the "D model" of homologous recombination. b) Discuss the role of mut proteins in repair of prokaryotic DNA. (10)Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following: 0.4 Genomic imprinting a) **b)** Excision repair systems in *E. coli* Transport of proteins to mitochondria **SECTION-II** (10)Give the meaning of any **FIVE** of the following: Q.5 Heterochromatin b) Semi-discontinuous mode of replication Polycistronic mRNA c) Hemi- methylated DNA d) **Splicing** e) Genetic code f) (10)**Q.6** Answer the following: a) Explain attenuation control of tryptophan operon. b) Diagrammatically represent 5' capping of mRNA. Add a note on the function of 5' cap in initiation of translation. (10)Answer the following: **Q.7** Explain the structure of prokaryotic RNA polymerase b) Explain inducible operon with reference to lactose operon Write in detail about the process of translation in prokaryotes. (10)Q.8 a) b) Explain the methods used for epigenetic modifications.

\* \* \* \*