

MASTER OF SCIENCE (NURSING) (2008 COURSE)
Second Year M.Sc. Nursing OBSTETRIC & GYNAECOLOGICAL NURSING :
SUMMER : 2024
SUBJECT: CLINICAL SPECIALITY- II OBSTETRIC & GYNAECOLOGICAL
NURSING

Day : Tuesday
Date : 09/07/2024

S-3650-2024

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM
Max. Marks : 75

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.
- 3) Both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 4) Draw neat labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.

SECTION-I

- Q.1** Write short notes (**Any four**) (16)
- a) Prevention of IUGR
 - b) Intra-Uterine infections and pain during pregnancy
 - c) Ectopic pregnancy
 - d) TORCH in pregnancy
 - e) Cervical cancer
 - f) 24x7 PHCs
- Q.2** Answer the following:
- a) Define pre-eclampsia. (01)
 - b) Enlist the clinical features of pre-eclampsia. (02)
 - c) Enumerate the complications of pre-eclampsia. (03)
 - d) Explain the medical and nursing management of severe pre-eclampsia during pregnancy. (05)
- Q.3** Mrs. Kalpana G₃P₂A₁, has 20 weeks of amenorrhea. Her blood group is 'O' Negative:
- a) What are the specific antenatal assessment done for Rh Negative pregnancy so as for Mrs. Kalpana ? (03)
 - b) Why is it necessary to administer Anti-D after delivery? (04)
 - c) What complications the fetus may undergo due to the above said condition? (04)

OR

- Q.3** Answer the following:
- a) Explain the degree of uterine prolapse . (02)
 - b) Enlist the causes and diagnosis of uterine prolapse. (04)
 - c) Discuss the general and nursing management of patient with uterine prolapse. (05)

SECTION -II

- Q.4** Write short notes (**Any four**) (16)
- a) Augmentation of labour
 - b) Screening for high risk pregnancies
 - c) Nurses role in maintaining quality care in labour room
 - d) Uncoordinated uterine actions
 - e) High risk newborn concept, goals and assessment
 - f) Forceps delivery
- Q.5** Answer the following questions:
- a) Define puerperal sepsis (02)
 - b) Enlist signs and symptoms of puerperal sepsis (04)
 - c) Discuss the causes and prevention of puerperal sepsis (05)

P.T.O.

Q.6 Answer the following :

- a) Define placenta praevia. (02)
- b) Mention the types of placenta praevia. (04)
- c) Describe the nursing management of women with placenta praevia in 34 weeks of Gestation. (04)

OR

Q.6 Answer the following:

- a) Complications of phototherapy. (03)
- b) Care of baby undergoing phototherapy. (04)
- c) Daily care of phototherapy machine. (03)

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