## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) (CBCS-2022) B.SC. (NURSING) SEM-IV: SUMMER: 2024 SUBJECT: ADULT HEALTH NURSING-II

Day: Monday
Date: 22/07/2024

S-25874-2024

Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Max. Marks: 75

N.B.

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) Figures to the RIGHT indicate FULL marks.
- 3) Answer to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 4) Each MCQ's carries ONE marks.

## SECTION-I

(38 marks)

Q. 1 Multiple choice Questions

(07)

- i) Urinary tract infection can be prevented by
- a) Changing catheter only when soiled
- b) Ensuring drainage bag is positioned properly
- c) Encourage increase in fluid intake
- d) Using aseptic technique during catheter insertion
- ii) Nursing intervention for a patient who has undergone tonsillectomy
- a) Encouraging patient to eat rough course food
- b) Advising patient to perform physical activity
- c) Monitoring for signs of bleeding
- d) Providing prone position to patient
- iii) Common symptoms of conjunctivitis
- a) Severe eye pain
- b) Blurred vision
- c) Redness and discharge from the eye
- d) Sudden loss of vision
- iv) Most common symptom of chronic renal failure is
- a) Frequent nose bleeding
- b) Persistent itching
- c) Sudden weight gain
- d) Increased energy level
- v) Cerebrovascular accident is more commonly known as
- a) Heart attack
- b) Stroke
- c) Seizure
- d) Migraine
- vi) What dietary advice would be most appropriate for patient with kidney stone?
- a) Increase consumption of food with high oxalate
- b) Reduce intake of calories
- c) Drink plenty of water to stay hydrated
- d) Consume excessive amount of protein
- vii) Glasgow coma scale (GCS) is used to assess \_\_\_\_
- a) Respiratory function
- b) Cardiac output
- c) Level of consciousness
- d) Motor strength

Q. 2		write Long answers (ANY ONE)	(15)
	a) b) c)	Define Nephrotic syndrome. List down the causes of nephrotic syndrome. Write down the medical and nursing management of patient with nephrotic syndrome.	(02) (03) (05)
	d)	Make a nursing care plan for patient with nephrotic syndrome.	(05)
		OR	
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Define burn. Explain the types of burns. Explain the fluid replacement therapy for burn patient. Describe the reconstructive surgeries done in patient with burns.	(02) (03) (05) (05)
Q. 3		Write short answers (ANY THREE)	(12)
	a)	Explain Bell's Palsy and mention its etiology, clinical manifestations and its treatment.	
	b) c) d) e)	Write in short about Neurological assessment.  Define Glaucoma, causes and its nursing management.  Describe tonsillitis including causes, symptoms and treatment.  Define Meniere's disease and its nursing management.	
Q. 4		Write very short answers (ANY TWO)	(04)
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Define Otitis Media. What is eye donation? Define Urinary tract infection. Define Head injury.	

SECTION – II (37 marks)

Q. 5		Multiple choice Questions	(06)			
	i)	Which test is done to check the hypersensitivity?				
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Scratch test Patch test RAST and intradermal test All of the above				
	ii)	Regular screening of colorectal cancer include				
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Digital rectal examination Fecal occult blood test Flexible sigmoidoscopy All of the above				
	iii)	Sudden, unexpected and uncommon crisis is known as				
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Maturational crisis Situational crisis Adventitious crisis All of the above				
	iv)	A comprehensive health assessment of elderly involves				
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Functional assessment Clinical assessment Psychosocial assessment All of the above				
	v)	The primary purpose of central venous pressure in critical care patient.				
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	To monitor intracranial pressure To administer large volumes of fluids an medication To measure blood pressure non-invasively To obtain arterial blood gas sample				
	vi) a) b) c) d)	Which occupational disorder is associated with infection of skin caused by irritants? Asbestosis Dermatitis Tinnitus Carpal tunnel syndrome				
Q. 6		Write Long answers ( ANY ONE)	(15)			
٠	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Define breast cancer. List out the clinical features of breast cancer. Discuss the medical management of patient with breast cancer. Enumerate the surgical management of patient with breast cancer.	(02) (03) (05) (05)			
	OR					
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	Define disaster. Enlist the causes and types of disaster. Explain the disaster management cycle. Discuss the role of nurse in disaster management.	(02) (03) (05) (05)			

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<b>Q.</b> 7		Write short answers ( ANY THREE)		(12)
	<ul><li>a)</li><li>b)</li><li>c)</li><li>d)</li><li>e)</li></ul>	Bone marrow transplantation. Theories of ageing. Principles of critical care unit Role of nurse in prevention of infection in ICU. Nursing care of patient receiving chemotherapy.	÷ -÷-	
Q. 8		Write very short answers (ANY TWO)		(04)

- Types of radiation theory. Define Asbestosis. a)
- b)
- c) List anti neoplastic drugs.
- List down the warning signs of cancer. d)