KAVERI – II : APRIL / MAY : 2006 SUBJECT : GENERAL AND DENTAL PHARMACOLOGY

Day Date	:	Monday 08-05-2006	Time: 9:30. A.N. Max. Marks: 60	1.TO 12:30.P.N
N.B.		 All questions are COMPULSORY. Figures to the RIGHT indicate FULL mark Each section should be written in SEPARA 		
		SECTION – I		
Q.1	1	Write short notes on ANY TWO of the follow	ing.	[10]
	a] b] c]	Dentifrices Obtundents Mummifying agents		
Q.2		Classify 'NEUROMUSCULAR BLOCKING pharmacological actions, therapeutic use 'SUCCINYLCHOLINE'.		cribe the [10] fects of
Q.3		Write briefly on :		
	a]	Phenytoin		[03]
	b]	Preanaesthetic medication Anticholinesterases		[03] [04]
Q.4	a] b]	SECTION - II Write briefly on ANY TWO of the following. Metronidazole Azithromycin		[10]
Q.5	c]	Hydrocortisone Classify 'ANTIHYPERTENSIVE DRUGS'. actions, uses and adverse effects of CALCIUM		
Q.6	a] b] c]	Write short notes on: Streptokinase Folic acid Domperidone		[04] [03] [03]

KAVERI-II: Oct. Nov-2006 SUBJECT: GENERAL AND DENTAL PHARMACOLOGY

Day : Monday Time: 9.30 A.M. TO 12.30 P.M. Date : 6-11-2006 Max. Marks: 60. N.B.: All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the RIGHT indicate full marks. 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in SEPARATE answer books. **SECTION-I** Q.1 Write briefly on (Any TWO) (10)a) Demulcents. b) Dental abrasives. Disclosing agents. Q.2 Classify 'BENZODIAZEPINES'. Describe the pharmacological actions, uses and (10) adverse effects of 'MIDAZOLAM'. 0.3 Write short notes on: Combined effects of drugs. (04)a) Second generation H₁ - receptor antagonists. (03)b) Phase-II reactions. (03)SECTION-II Write briefly on any TWO of the following: (10)Dapsone. Norfloxacin. b) Lugol's Iodine. 0.5 Classify ANTICHOLINESTERASES. Describe the adverse effects and therapeutic (10) uses of NEOSTIGMINE. Write short notes on: 0.6 Warfarin. (04)a) Oral polio vaccine. (03)Domperidone. (03)

KAVERI-II Oct. NOV-2006 SUBJECT: GENERAL PATHOLOGY, MICROBIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Day Date		ednesday Time : 9.30 A (1). 10 Max. Marks : 60	12.50
	8	-11-2006 Max. Marks : 60	
N.B.	1)	All questions are COMPULSORY.	a to another regular more management and the
	2) Figures to the RIGHT indicate full marks.		
	 Answers to the TWO sections should be written in TWO separate answer books 		
	4)	Draw diagrams WHEREVER necessary.	
		SECTION-I	
Q.1	Defin	e oedema. Discuss etiopathogenesis of oedema.	(11)
Q.2	Write	short notes on ANY TWO of the following:-	(10)
	a)	Differences between benign and malignant tumours	
	b)	Phagocytosis	
	c)	Fate of the thrombus	
Q.3	Write	short notes on ANY THREE of the following:-	(9)
	a)	Complications in Diabetes Mellitus	
	b)	Scurvy	
	c)	Dystrophic Calcification	
	d)	Investigations in anaemia	
		* E	
		SECTION-II	
Q.4	What	is hospital cross infection? List the microbes causing hospital infection	on. What
	steps	will you take to prevent hospital cross infection?	(11)
Q.5	Write	e short notes on ANY TWO of the following:-	(10
	a)	Antigen-Antibody reactions	
	b)	Acid fast bacilli	
	c)	Lab. diagnosis of syphilis	
Q.6	Write	e short notes on ANY THREE of the following:-	(9)
	a)	Anaerobic cultures	
	b)	Lepromin test	
-	c)	Round worm	
	d)	Lab. diagnosis of viral infection	

KAVERI-II: April/May-2006 SUBJECT: GENERAL PATHOLOGY, MICROBIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Day Date	:	Thursday 11/05/2006	Time: 9.30 A.M. TO 12.30 P.M. Max. Marks: 60.	
N.B.:				
		SECTION-I		
Q.1	What	is haemorrhagic disorder? Enumerate car ibe investigations in haemorrhagic disorders.	ises of haemorrhagic disorders.	(11)
Q.2	a) b)	short notes on any TWO of the following: Vascular events in acute inflammation. Carcinogenesis. Pathogenesis of oedema.		(10)
Q.3	a) b) c)	short notes on any THREE of the following Lepra reactions. Sago spleen. Scurvy. Glucose tolerance test.		(09)
		SECTION-I	ı	
Q.4	Define steriliz	e sterilisation, disinfection and antisepsis.	Describe various methods of	(11)
Q.5	a) b)	short notes on any TWO of the following: Clostridium tetani. Precipitation reaction. Superficial mycosis.		(10)
Q.6 _	a) 1 b) 1	short notes on any THREE of the following: Hepatitis B virus. Plasmodium falciparum. Flagella.		(09)

KAVERI - II: Oct NOV-2006 SUBJECT: HUMAN ORAL ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY EMBRYOLOGY AND HISTOLOGY

Time: 9:30 A.M. To 12:30 P.M Friday Day Max. Marks: 60 : 10-11-2006 Date N.B. 1) All questions are COMPULSORY. 2) Figures to the RIGHT indicate FULL marks. 3) Each section should be written in SEPARATE answer books. SECTION - I Describe the process of Dentinogenesis in detail and mention in brief the age [10] 0.1 changes seen in dentin. Define Dental lamina and describe the various histological stages in the [10] Q.2 development of tooth in brief. [10] Write notes on ANY TWO of the following. 0.3 Compact and cancellous bone Development of Tongue Overjet and overbite **SECTION - II** Describe the life cycle of an Ameloblast. Give the clinical considerations of [10] 0.4 Enamel. Describe the morphology of Permanent Mandibular first Molar. Mention its [10] 0.5 clinical importance. [10] Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following. 0.6 Muscles of Mastication al Curve of spee and its clinical significance Incremental lines of Oral tissues.

KAVERI-II : APRIL/ MAY 2006 SUBJECT : HUMAN ORAL ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY, HISTOLOGY & EMBRYOLOGY

Day Date	•	Saturday Time: 9.30 A.M. TO 12.30 P.M. 13/05/2006 Max. Marks: 60.		1.	
N.B.:	1)	All questions are COMPULSORY.			
Commence de la companya de la compa	Figures to the RIGHT indicate full marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in SEPARATE answer bool Draw diagrams WHEREVER necessary.				
		SECTION-I			
Q.1	Descri	oe Mandibular right second premolar in detail		(10)	
Q.2	Define functio	Periodontium Describe principle fibers of	periodontal ligament with its	(10)	
0.2	W/mid a a	TWO state Cilleria	The state of the s	(40)	
Q.3		notes on any TWO of the following: Cells of Pulp.		(10)	
	a) b)	Development of mandible.			
	c)	Maxillary sinus.			
	<i>v)</i>	Maximary sinus.			
		SECTION-I	Į.		
Q.4	Classify	salivary glands. Describe the formation of sa	ıliva.	(10)	
Q.5	Define	Enamel. Describe amelogenesis in detail.		(10)	
Q.6	Write notes on any TWO of the following:			(10)	
	a)	Compensating curves.			
	b)	Gingiva.			
	c)	Decalcification.			