M.sc Medical Biotech

Som-I

ACHOLA-I (CBCS): WINTER- 2015 SUBJECT: MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Time: 10:00 AM: TO 1:00 P.M. Saturday Max. Marks: 60 10-10-2015 N.B: 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in the SEPARATE answer books. 3) **SECTION-I** Answer the following: 0.1 Describe 5 isoenzymes of LDH. (05)a) OR What is the significance of SGOT and SGPT in diagnosis of liver disorders? Enlist the factors on which bioavailability of vitamins is dependent. (05)b) Write a short note on **ANY THREE** of the following: 0.2 (12)Fatty liver a) Vitamin B₁₂- its importance in health b) Acidosis and Alkalosis c) Urea cycle d) Answer ANY TWO of the following in brief: (08)Q.3a) Describe the mechanism of action of steroid hormone. Describe the composition and functions of different lipoproteins. **b**) Discuss the importance of radioisotopes in medicine. SECTION-II Answer the following: 0.4 Illustrate the structure of hemoglobin and its positive Co-operativity. (06)a) OR Explain the biomedical implications of hemoglobin and myoglobin. a) Describe the types and functions of Plasma Proteins. (04)b) Differentiate between: (10)Q.5 a) Fat soluble and water soluble Vitamins. Insulin and Glucagon. b) (10)Answer very briefly (ANY FIVE): 0.6 What is hormone sensitive lipase? a) Why is ammonia toxic? b) What is the deficiency manifestations of vitamin C. c)

What are the specialized products of tryptophan?

Give two applications of chromatography.

d)

ACHOLA-I (CBCS): WINTER 2015 SUBJECT: HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

: Monday Time: 10:00 AM-TO 1:00 PM. : 12-10-2015 Max. Marks: 60. Date N.B.: Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY. 1) Attempt any TWO questions from Q. No. 2, 3, & 4 and any TWO questions 2) from Q. No. 6, 7, & 8. 3) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books. 4) **SECTION-I** Q.1 Attempt any FIVE of the following: (10)State components and functions of gastric juice. b) State effects of stimulation of parasympathetic system on heart. c) Enlist any four functions of cerebellum. d) Classify neurotransmitters. e) State actions of testosterone. f) Enumerate the muscles of respiration and state function of diaphragm. Q.2 Attempt the following: (10)a) Describe origin and spread of cardiac impulse. b) Describe hormonal control of menstrual cycle. Q.3 Attempt the following: (10)a) What is elastin? How are elastic fibers organized? b) Describe steps in contraction of skeletal muscle. Q.4 Write notes on any TWO of the following: (10)a) Waves of ECG in Lead II. b) Physiological basis of Respiratory distress syndrome in a newborn baby. c) Sacrotubular system of skeletal muscle. **SECTION-II** Q.5 Attempt the following: (10)a) Classify hormones. Describe mechanism of action of steroid hormones. b) Describe role of different parts of nephron in reabsorption of water. **Q.6** Write notes on any **TWO** of the following: (10)a) Describe various methods of collection of blood. Add a note on anticoagulants. b) Describe digestion of carbohydrates by Gastro intestinal tract. c) Describe liver function tests. Q.7 Attempt the following: (10)a) Describe ideal method of collection of urine. What are characteristics of normal urine? b) What is Glomerular filtration rate? Describe the factors affecting GFR. Q.8 What is malnutrition? Explain protein energy malnutrition. (10)

Describe the proximate principals of diet.

SUBJECT: MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY

Day: Wednesday Time: 10:00AM.TO1:00P.M. Max. Marks: 60 14-10-2015 N.B.: Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY Out of remaining attempt any TWO 1) questions from Q. No. 2, 3, 4 and any two questions from Q. No. 6, 7, 8. Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 4) Draw neat diagrams WHEREVER necessary. **SECTION-I** Answer any **TWO** of the following: Q.1 (10)a) Enlist various culture media and explain types of special media with suitable examples. b) Explain various methods of Isolation of bacteria in pure culture with suitable examples. c) With the help of suitable diagram, write the principle and applications of Electron microscope. Answer the following questions: (10)0.2 a) Differentiate between Exotoxin and Endotoxin. b) Describe sterilization by radiation. Answer the following: (10)0.3a) What is anaerobiosis? Explain anaerobiosis with the use of Mc-Intosh Fildes b) Describe the biochemical tests based on Sugar utilization. Write short notes on: 0.4 (10)a) Contributions of Robert Koch. b) Extra cellular features of bacteria. **SECTION-II** Answer any TWO of the following: Q.5 (10)a) What are nosocomial infections? Explain with suitable examples. b) What are fungi? Elaborate classification fungi with suitable examples. Explain diagnostic methods of haemoparasites. Briefly describe: Q.6 (10)a) Describe virus cultivation methods. **b)** Describe recent diagnostic techniques in microbiology. Write short notes on: Q.7(10)a) Immunological diagnostic techniques b) Diagnosis of parasites in stool Briefly describe: (10)0.8 a) Processing of urine sample. b) Carriers

ACHOLA- I (CBCS): WINTER – 2015 SUBJECT: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

Time: 10:00AM.TO1:00 P.M, Day: Friday Max. Marks: 60 Date: 16-10-2015 N.B.: 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in the SEPARATE answer books. 3) SECTION-I (10)Define the following (Any FIVE) 0.1 Bipartite promoter. a) Satellite DNA sequence. b) C – value paradox. c) Interrupted and un-interrupted genes. d) Photoreactivation e) Activator f) Answer ANY TWO of the following: (10)0.2 Explain the structure and function of centromer. a) Explain the role of Lex A and Rec A proteins in DNA repair. b) Explain the D – Model for resolution of homologous recombination. c) (10)Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following: Q.3 Role of epigenetics in human disease a) Licensing factor in eukaryotes b) Role of DNA polymerase I in replication and repair c) **SECTION - II** (10)Define the following: (Any FIVE) 0.4 TATA binding protein a) Hemi - methylated DNA b) Polycistronic mRNA c) Repressor d) Operator e) Poly (A) - tail f) (10)Attempt ANY TWO of the following: 0.5 Give the important features of typical RNA Polymerase II promoter of a) eukaryotic DNA. Explain post - transcriptional modification of m RNA in eukaryotes. b) Explain how attenuation regulates the expression of tryptophan operon. (10)Attempt ANY ONE of the following: 0.6 Compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic protein synthesis. a) Explain the role of cAMP and CAP in prokaryotic transcription regulation. b)