

**F. Y. P. B. B. SC. (NURSING) : SUMMER - 2019**

**SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY**

**Day:** Thursday  
**Date:** 25/04/2019

**S-2019-4362**

**Time:** 10.00 A.M. TO 01.00 P.M.  
**Max. Marks:** 75

**N.B:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSOR**
- 2) Figures to the Right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answer to both Sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book.

**Section-I**

**Q.1** Write (any five ) Short Answers: **(2X5=10)**

- a) Abnormal Psychology
- b) What is introspection
- c) Parts of neuron
- d) Frustration
- e) Projection
- f) Errors in Perception
- g) Sensation

**Q.2** Write (any four) Short Notes : **(4X4=16)**

- a) Methods of Psychology
- b) Explain types of conflict
- c) Discuss the determinants of Personality
- d) Write the difference between sensation & perception
- e) Explain factors influencing perception
- f) Explain factors influencing attention

**Q.3** Write (any one ) Long Answers **(1X12=12)**

- a) Define Psychology **(02)**
- b) Explain Scope of Psychology **(05)**
- c) How Psychology is relevance to Nursing **(05)**

**OR**

- a) Define conflict **(02)**
- b) Explain the different types conflicts **(05)**
- c) Discuss about resolution of conflict **(05)**

**Section-II**

**Q.4** Write (any five ) Short Answers **(2X5=10)**

- a) What are the Individual Performance Tests
- b) Explain law of Readiness
- c) What is meant by Forgetting
- d) What is creative thinking
- e) What is meant by Mental Hygiene
- f) Explain the Defense Mechanism- Rationalization
- g) State any 4 causes of forgetting.

**P.T.O.**

**Q.5** Write (any four) Short Notes : **(4X4=16)**

- a) Explain Nature V/S Nurture controversy
- b) Two factor theory of Intelligence
- c) Importance of Defense Mechanisms
- d) Trace Decay Theory of forgetting
- e) Characteristics of a mentally Healthy Person
- f) Factors that determine our attitude

**Q.6** Write (any one ) Long Answers **(1X11=11)**

- a) Define Learning **(02)**
- b) State the Characteristics of Learning **(04)**
- c) Explain factors associated with the learner. **(05)**

**OR**

- a) Define Memory **(02)**
- b) Explain short Term Memory **(04)**
- c) Explain the Information Processing theory of memory **(05)**

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250419-m-nursing-pune

RAJMACHI - I : APRIL/MAY 2011  
SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

84

Day : Saturday  
Date : 23-04-2011

Time :  
Max. Marks : 15

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put **TICK** marks in appropriate brackets.
- 3) Use blue or black point pen only.
- 4) Each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 5) Students will not be allotted marks if they overwrites, strikes or put ink on the cross once crossed.

Seat NO. : \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks Obtained \_\_\_\_\_

Jr. Supervisor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of the Examiner \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION - A

Q.1 Multiple choice question: (15)

- 1) To understand the definition of psychology we need to understand the meaning of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Science and Nature
  - b) Science and Behaviour
  - c) Nature and Behaviour
  - d) Stimulus and Behaviour
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ is the body's tendency to maintain a steady internal state.
  - a) Motive
  - b) Drive
  - c) Homeostasis
  - d) None
- 3) An example of primary emotion is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Anticipation
  - b) Aggression
  - c) Love
  - d) Disgust
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ directs the behaviour of personality through the reality principle.
  - a) Id
  - b) Ego
  - c) Super Ego
  - d) None
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ covers every modification in behaviour to meet the environmental demands.
  - a) Shaping
  - b) Learning
  - c) Accommodation
  - d) Adaptation
- 6) Genetic psychology is also called \_\_\_\_\_ psychology.
  - a) Child
  - b) Social
  - c) Development
  - d) Clinical

P.T.O.

- 7) People with \_\_\_\_\_ attitudes are caring, confident, patient and humble.
- Positive
  - Negative
  - a & b
  - None
- 8) \_\_\_\_\_ motives are essential for survival.
- Social
  - Secondary
  - Primary
  - Learned
- 9) We attend to \_\_\_\_\_ attention because of our attitudes habits or interest.
- Habitual
  - Conscious
  - Voluntary
  - Involuntary
- 10) The revival of past concept is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Habitual attention
  - Depth Perception
  - Imagery
  - Illusion
- 11) \_\_\_\_\_ is anything immediately surrounding an organism and exerts a direct influence on it.
- Heredity
  - Genetics
  - Chromosomes
  - Environment
- 12) The formula to calculate the I.Q is \_\_\_\_\_.
- $MA / CA \times 100$
  - $100 / CA \times MA$
  - $CA / MA \times 100$
  - $MA / 100 \times CA$
- 13) Weakening of bonds that were formed in learning is nothing but \_\_\_\_\_.
- Retention
  - Forgetting
  - Inhibition
  - Interference
- 14) According to Psychologist \_\_\_\_\_, University of Arisona information processing approach is modeled after the high speed computer.
- E.L. Thorndike
  - Ebbinghaus
  - Munn
  - John Kihlstron
- 15) \_\_\_\_\_ patients with lose touch with reality and are unable to control their though and behaviour.
- Substance use disorder
  - Psychotic disorders
  - Affective disorders
  - Somoto form disorders
- \* \* \*

RAJMACHI - I : APRIL/MAY - 2011  
SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

85

Day : Saturday  
Date : 23-04-2011

Time : 9.00 A.M. To 12.00 Noon  
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Section B and Section C should be written **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 4) Draw neat and labelled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.

SECTION - B

Q.2 Write short notes on any **THREE**: (15)

- a) Self-actualization
- b) Laws of Learning
- c) Types of conflict
- d) Development of attitudes
- e) James-Lange Theory of Emotion

Q.3 Write short notes on any **THREE**: (15)

- a) Explain the Nature v/s Nurture controversy.
- b) Short term memory
- c) Abnormalities in sensory perception
- d) Mental health
- e) Environment

SECTION - C

Q.4 Long/Essay type questions any **ONE**: (15)

- a) Describe the scope of psychology. Explain its relevance to Nursing.  
**OR**
- a) What is personality? Write an essay on different types of Personality.

Q.5 Long/Essay type questions any **ONE**: (15)

- a) Define Attention
- b) Explain the various types of Attention
- c) Explain four external factors affecting attention with examples.  
**OR**
- a) Explain any four theories of forgetting.
- b) Explain the information processing model with help of a diagram.

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Day : Saturday  
Date : 21-04-2012

Time : —  
Max. Marks : 15

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put a tick mark in the appropriate box.
- 3) Use blue/black point pen, only.
- 4) Section - I should be completed within **20** minutes.
- 5) Each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 6) Students will not be allotted marks if he or she overwrite, strikes or puts ink on the box once marked.

Seat No: \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks Obtained: \_\_\_\_\_

Jr. Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Examiner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION - I

Q.1 M.C.Qs:

- 1) The \_\_\_\_\_ contributes to the understanding to offer an explanation for one's action or actions of others.
  - a) Hypnosis
  - b) Mind
  - c) Body
  - d) Dreams
- 2) One of the most primitive sensation is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Vision
  - b) Audition
  - c) Olfaction
  - d) Cutaneous
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ is a Primary Distance cue of perception.
  - a) Linear Perspective
  - b) Interposition
  - c) Aerial Perspective
  - d) Retinal Disparity
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ receives and stores information about temporarily dated episodes and events.
  - a) Temporary Memory
  - b) Semantic Memory
  - c) Episodic Memory
  - d) Sensory Memory

P.T.O.

- 5) The formula to calculate the Intelligence Quotient is \_\_\_\_\_
- a)  $MA/CA \times 100$
  - b)  $100/CA \times MA$
  - c)  $CA/MA \times 100$
  - d)  $MA/100 \times CA$
- 6) The factors of \_\_\_\_\_ contributes to one's Mental Health.
- a) Physical
  - b) Social
  - c) None of these
  - d) Both a and b
- 7) Projection is an example of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Interests
  - b) Imagination
  - c) Defence Mechanisms
  - d) Feelings
- 8) Psychology has been classified as a science for approximately
- a) Three Hundred Years
  - b) Two Hundred Years
  - c) One Hundred Years
  - d) Fifty Years
- 9) Human motives vary in terms of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Quality
  - b) Number
  - c) Behaviour
  - d) Intensity
- 10) \_\_\_\_\_ is an instrument to measure galvanic skin resistance (GSR).
- a) Polygraph
  - b) EEG
  - c) ECG
  - d) Galvanometer
- 11) \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest subfield of Psychology.
- a) Social Psychology
  - b) Counseling Psychology
  - c) Clinical Psychology
  - d) Experimental Psychology

- 12) The extrovert and introvert types of personality was pointed out by.
- a) Adler
  - b) Horney
  - c) Jung
  - d) Freud
- 13) \_\_\_\_\_ are formed towards social as well as non-social aspects of the environment.
- a) Emotions
  - b) Attitudes
  - c) Intelligence
  - d) None of these
- 14) Conflict takes place when one is forced to choose between two negative goals.
- a) Approach – approach
  - b) Avoidance – avoidance
  - c) Approach – avoidance
  - d) Multiple approach – avoidance
- 15) \_\_\_\_\_ conducted a series of experiments on trial and error method of learning by animals.
- a) Ivan Pavlov
  - b) J.B. Watson
  - c) E.L. Thorndike
  - d) Carl Rogers



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Day : Saturday  
Date : 21-04-2012

Time : 9:00AM TO 12:00NOON.  
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Draw diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.
- 4) Answers to both the sections should be written in the **SEPARATE** answer books.

**SECTION - II**

- Q.2** Answer **ANY THREE** of the following: [15]
- a) Visual Disorders.
  - b) Figure Ground Relationship.
  - c) Nature v/s Nurture Controversy.
  - d) Information Processing Model.
  - e) Usefulness of Defence Mechanisms.

- Q3** Answer **ANY ONE** of the following:
- a) Define attention. [02]
  - b) Explain any four external factors affecting attention with example. [08]
  - c) Explain the types of attention. [05]

**OR**

- a) Define Intelligence. [02]
- b) Explain any four factors affecting Intelligence. [08]
- c) Explain any five characteristics of Intelligence. [05]

**SECTION - III**

- Q.4** Answer **ANY THREE** of the following: [15]
- a) Define Frustration and its source.
  - b) Experimental Method.
  - c) James-Lange theory of emotion.
  - d) Physiological Motives.
  - e) Role of nurse in change in attitude.

- Q.5** Answer **ANY ONE** of the following:
- a) Define learning. [03]
  - b) Discuss the laws of learning. [06]
  - c) Explain the steps in learning process. [06]

**OR**

- a) What is personality? [03]
- b) Explain the type approach of personality. [06]
- c) Write factors influencing personality development. [06]

RAJMACHI - I : APRIL/MAY - 2013  
SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

Day : Monday  
Date : 29-4-2013

Time : —  
Max. Marks : 15

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put **TICK** marks in appropriate brackets.
- 3) Use blue or black point pen only.
- 4) Each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 5) Students will not be allotted marks if they overwrites, strikes or put ink on the cross once crossed.

Seat NO. : \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks Obtained \_\_\_\_\_

Jr. Supervisor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of the Examiner \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION - A

Q.1 Multiple choice question: (15)

- 1) The observation method consists of collection of data by \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Self-observation
  - b) Introspection
  - c) Observing others
  - d) Collection of data in Lab.
- 2) An emotion is \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Conscious state of a person
  - b) Dynamic state of a person
  - c) Stirred up state of a person
  - d) Static state of a person
- 3) The father of Psychoanalysis is \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Carl Rogers
  - b) Wilhelm Wundt
  - c) Eltan Mayo
  - d) Sigmund Fried
- 4) Law of \_\_\_\_\_ states - "Practice makes a man perfect".
  - a) Readiness
  - b) Repetition
  - c) Effect
  - d) Purpose
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ is a stage of psychosexual development in Freudian psychology from age 6 to puberty in which sexual drives are dormant.
  - a) Latency
  - b) Adolescence
  - c) Oral stage
  - d) Phallic stage
- 6) The thirst and hunger drive are controlled by an area in the \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Stomach
  - b) Throat
  - c) Hypothalamus
  - d) Glands

- 7) The theory of instrumental conditioning is given by \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Pavlov
  - b) Thorndike
  - c) Skinner
  - d) Guilford
- 8) \_\_\_\_\_ are not innate or unlearned but acquired by us.
- a) Attitudes
  - b) Minds
  - c) a & b
  - d) None
- 9) The initial detection of energy from the Physical World is referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Observation
  - b) Perception
  - c) Sensation
  - d) Attention
- 10) When objects are close to each other, the tendency is to perceive them together rather than separately is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Proximity
  - b) Closure
  - c) Similarity
  - d) Continuation
- 11) \_\_\_\_\_ factors influences human interest, attitudes, aptitudes habits, manners and etiquettes.
- a) Hereditary
  - b) Environmental
  - c) Genetic
  - d) Endocrine
- 12) Mechanical, social and abstract are types of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Learning
  - b) Emotions
  - c) Personality
  - d) Intelligence
- 13) STM capacity seems to be limited to \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) 6
  - b) 7
  - c) 8
  - d) 9
- 14) \_\_\_\_\_ theory is held better in explaining morbid forgetting .
- a) Decay Theory
  - b) Faulty memory process
  - c) Repression theory
  - d) Interference
- 15) \_\_\_\_\_ results in happiness because emotional conflicts have been resolved.
- a) Adjustment
  - b) Frustration
  - c) Tensions
  - d) Differences

RAJMACHI - I : APRIL/MAY - 2013  
SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

Day : Monday  
Date : 29-4-2013

Time : 9:00 A.M. To 12:00 Noon  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Section B and Section C should be written **SEPARATE** answer books.
- 4) Draw neat and labelled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.

**SECTION - B**

- Q.2** Write short notes on any **THREE**: (15)
- a) Experimental method
  - b) Motivation and the Nurse
  - c) Frustration and its sources
  - d) Components and functions of Attitude
  - e) The trait Approach of Personality

- Q.3** Write short notes on any **THREE**: (15)
- a) Types of Attention
  - b) Body mind relationship
  - c) Characteristics of mentally healthy person
  - d) Causes of forgetting
  - e) Illusion

**SECTION - C**

- Q.4** Long/Essay type questions any **ONE**: (15)
- a) Define Learning. Explain factors of Effective Learning.
- OR**
- a) Define Emotion. Describe Emotional Situation and Changes in emotional reactions.

- Q.5** Long/Essay type questions any **ONE**: (15)
- a) Define memory.
  - b) Explain with examples any four Mnemonic Device.
  - c) List five causes of forgetting.
- OR**
- a) Define Intelligence.
  - b) Explain the types of intelligence.
  - c) Explain Aptitudes.

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F.Y.P.B. B.Sc. Nursing: SUMMER-2018  
SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

Day : Saturday  
Date : 28-04-2018

Time :  
Max. Marks : 15

S-2018-3895

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put a tick mark in the appropriate box.
- 3) Use blue/black ball point pen, only.
- 4) Section – I should be completed in 05 minute.
- 5) Each question carries 1 marks.
- 6) Students will not be allotted any marks if he/she overwrites strikes or puts ink on the box once marked.

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

Marks Obtained \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Junior Supervisor \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Examiner \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION – I**

**Q.1** Choose appropriate answer from the option given below: **(15)**

- 1) Who is the father of psychology
  - a)  Ivan Pavlov
  - b)  Wilhelm Wundt
  - c)  J.B. Watson
  - d)  Kurt Koftka
- 2) Who introduced the method of introspection
  - a)  Watson
  - b)  Pavlov
  - c)  B.F. Skinner
  - d)  Wilhem Wundt
- 3) Which part of neuron receives the nerve impulses from another neuron
  - a)  Axon terminal
  - b)  Axon
  - c)  Cell body
  - d)  Dendrites
- 4) Which of the following parts of brain is responsible for selective attention
  - a)  Medulla
  - b)  Pons
  - c)  Reticular formation
  - d)  Limbic system

P.T.O

- 5) Which of the following abilities is associated with reaction time
- a)  Mental ability
  - b)  Emotional stability
  - c)  Physical ability
  - d)  Motor ability
- 6) If you perceive any stimulus in its absence, it is called
- a)  Illusion
  - b)  Delusion
  - c)  Hallucination
  - d)  Telepathy
- 7) The unique pattern of behavior is termed as
- a)  Extrovert
  - b)  Traits
  - c)  Personality
  - d)  Consciousness
- 8) The core of an emotion is
- a)  Stress
  - b)  Perception
  - c)  Feeling
  - d)  Attitude
- 9) In order to survive a person must adjust to his
- a)  Physical Environment
  - b)  Social Environment
  - c)  Both a and b
  - d)  None
- 10) Short term memory is limited to about
- a)  2 units
  - b)  7 units
  - c)  3 units
  - d)  6 units

- 11) A Russian Physiologist who experimentally showed how conditioning takes place
- a)  Pavlov
  - b)  Thorndike
  - c)  Skinner
  - d)  Freud
- 12) According to \_\_\_ intelligence is a goal directed behavior
- a)  David Wechsler
  - b)  Theodere Simon
  - c)  Alfred Binet
  - d)  L.M. Terman
- 13) The \_\_\_\_\_ component consists of both verbal and non verbal tendencies on how an individual acts.
- a)  Cognitive
  - b)  Affective
  - c)  Emotional
  - d)  Behavioural
- 14) People may forget to turn up for an appointment for a treatment they don't like consists of \_\_\_ defence mechanism.
- a)  Repression
  - b)  Regression
  - c)  Rationalization
  - d)  Displacement
- 15) \_\_\_ involves chronic and extreme fears which cannot be explained.
- a)  Psychotic disorders
  - b)  Anxiety disorders
  - c)  Affective disorders
  - d)  Somatoform disorders

\* \* \*

F. Y. P. B. B. SC. (NURSING) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT : PSYCHOLOGY

Day : **Saturday**  
Date : **28/04/2018**

**S-2018-3895**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book.

**SECTION – II**

- Q.2** Write short notes on **ANY THREE** of the following: (15)
- a) Errors of perception
  - b) Frustration and its sources
  - c) Personality and the nurse
  - d) Discuss the types of conflicts
  - e) Discuss about distraction
- Q.3** Long questions any **ONE** of the following: (15)
- a) Define Motives (02)
  - b) What is Maslow's need hierarchy theory? (05)
  - c) Explain role of nurse in motivation. (08)

**OR**

Define perception. Explain the principles of perception.

**SECTION – III**

- Q.4** Write short notes on **ANY THREE** of the following: (15)
- a) Nature v/s nurture controversy
  - b) Characteristics of a mentally healthy person
  - c) Causes of forgetting.
  - d) Role of attitudes in health and sickness
  - e) Factors affecting learning
- Q.5** Long questions any **ONE** of the following: (15)
- a) What is meant by defence mechanisms? (02)
  - b) Explain the defence mechanism of reaction formation and rationalization with examples. (08)
  - c) Why is understanding of defence mechanisms important for a nurse. (05)
- OR**
- a) Define intelligence. (02)
  - b) Explain Spearman's two factor theory of intelligence and Thurstone's multifactor theory. (08)
  - c) What is the use of intelligence testing? (05)

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